eAccessibility: update on the Standardisation efforts

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AAATE 2005

Status Workshop:
DfA in the European Information Society

Lille,France Sept 8, 2005

Standardisation - Why?

- Traditional approach in accessibility
 - ø Development of assistive devices
- Emerging situation
 - Ø Design for All or Universal Design (a term mainly used in the US): main stream products built so that they can be useful for persons with impairments too, and this without adaptations
 - $\ensuremath{\sigma}$ Support (US, Japan and the European Union) by legislative actions
- **Emerging need**
 - Ø Reference to international standards, as it would be unwise (and often also unacceptable) to write down technical - and therefore time-bound
 - requirements into a law
 - ø Formal standardisation activities
 - ø Ad hoc and company driven standardisation activities
 - ø Informal standardisation activities

Standardisation Evolution

- Traditional situation
 - Voluntary action set up by commercial partners who believe that the standardisation will permit easier exchanges of products and goods
 - ø Acceptance
 - Voluntary and based on expected commercial benefits
- Emerging situation
 - Ø Laws imposing the acceptance of several standards (e.g. on safety or on ecological aspects)
 - Ø Stimulation and pushing for many standardisation initiatives by public bodies (e.g., in Europe, directly and indirectly by the European Commission)

3

Formal Standards

- ISO standards (ISO = International Organization for Standardization)
 - ø Formal documents
 - ø Consultation with many national standardisation organisations
 - ø Rigorously established voting procedure.
- European standardisation



Informal Standardisation Work

Name	Website	Names of related activities
ISO		Publicly Available Specification (PAS) Technical Specification (TS) Technical Report (TR) International Workshop Agreement (IWA).
ITU-T		•Recommendations
CEN		•CEN Workshop Agreement (CWA)
ETSI		•Specialist Task Forces (STF)
CENELEC		•CENELEC Workshop Agreement (CWA) •CENELEC Guides
CEN/CENELEC		•CEN/CENELEC Guides

5

Ad hoc and Industry Standards

- Developments by companies put forward as a standard to which others have to adhere in order to build, e.g., third party products (e.g. technical specifications of Microsoft products).
- Guidelines or recommendations for standardisation of matters important to their community worked out by industry groupings (Open E-book, Daisy, WAP, Bluetooth etc. and IEEE standards e.g. on WiFi).

DfA Related Standardisation

- Impact on Design for All standardisation because of its explicit mention in the eEurope2002 plan
 - Ø Set up of coordinating working groups and organisations
 - Ø Democratisation of the standardisation processes
 - ø Increasing impact of non-formal standardisation bodies
 - ø Establishment of standardisation related discussion fora open for non-specialists

Coordination Initiatives

- ICTSB (ICT Standards Board)
 - Initiative from the three European standards organisations to co-ordinate specification activities in Information and Communications Technologies (ICT)
 - ø Functions
 - ø To listen to requirements for standards and specifications that are based on
 - concrete market needs and expressed by any competent source.

 To consider what standards or specifications need to be created, and how the task will be carried out (and by whom).
- DATSCG (Design for All and Assistive Technology Standardisation Coordination Group)
 - ø Objectives:
 - To ensure co-ordination of the ICT related standardisation work in the DfA and AT fields:
 - To act as an overall focal point on design-for-all and assistive technology standardisation;
 - To assist in organising promotional activities on design for all and assistive technologies standardisation requirements in ICT;
 To promote the knowledge and awareness of existing guidelines and tools
 - Membership on invitation, including organisations of, or for, persons with a disability as the European Disability Forum (EDF) and the Association for the Advancement of Assistive Technology in Europe (AAATE)

eAccessibility Expert Group

- eEurope actions for the promotion of ICT use in Europe
 - ø "High level Group on the Employment and Social Dimension of the Information Society (ESDIS)" (1999)
 - Support of the European Commission in the analysis of the impact of the information society on employment and on social cohesion.
- eAccessibility expert group
 - Ø Discussion of the eEurope topics related to persons with a disability or elderly persons
 - Ø Production of an overview document on standardisation (2002)
 - Ø Recently devoted to support the elnclusion activities of the European Commission's Directorate General on Information Society and Media (EC-DG INFSO-H3)
 - Ø Work will now be based on the I2010 Action

9

Standardisation Efforts through Workshops

- NEW: Working groups and task forces established by standardising bodies, where all interested people are welcome, minimally as observers but often as contributors too
- CEN Workshop agreements in the DfA field
 - Ø CEN Workshop [now closed] on "Design for all in ICT", CWA14661 "Guidelines to Standardisers of ICT products and services in the CEN ICT domain"
 - © CEN Workshop on "Specifications for a complete European certification scheme" concerning the delivery of a Quality Mark for Web Content Accessibility - WS/WA
 - Quality Mark based on the use of a methodology for assessing Web Accessibility within a European certification scheme
 - Ø CEN Workshop on Document Processing for accessibility

ETSI STF's

- Teams of highly-skilled experts working together over a pre-defined period to draft an ETSI standard under the technical guidance of an ETSI Technical Body and with the support of the ETSI Secretariat
 - ø Requirements of Assistive Technology Devices in ICT (STF 181)
 - Ø Speech recognition, Voice user interfaces (STF 182)
 - Study on the multimodality of icons, symbols and pictograms (STF 183)
 - ø Design for All: Guidelines for ICT Products and Services (STF 184)
 - Key issues, solutions and actions for ICT multimodal interaction, communication and navigation (STF 204)
 - Human related technical guidelines for real-time person-to-person communication services (HF 2362)
 - ø Enabling and Improving the use of Mobile e-Services (HF 2366)
 - User-oriented handling of multicultural issues in broadband and narrowband multimedia telecommunications (HF 2372)
 - Duplex Universal Speech and Text (DUST) communication [e-Inclusion] (STF 267)

11

"Informal" standards: W3C Guidelines

- Example related to Design for All or Universal Design
 - ø World Wide Web consortium
 - ø Web Accessibility Initiative
- Guidelines on web accessibility
 - Ø Web content accessibility guidelines v.2.0 will soon be ready
- Impact
 - Ø Accepted as the primary reference point for web accessibility matters

but

many countries establishing legislative actions for imposing web accessibility, were not able to refer to the WAI guidelines as the W3C cannot be considered a standardisation body in the proper sense of the word

Standardisation related projects

NO REST project

Ø The IST project NO-REST (Networked Organizations – Research into Standards and Standardization Project) aims to assess the impact of standards in the ICT and eBusiness environment.

COPRAS project

Ø An EU-IST project helping other projects make sure their standardisation needs are brought forward to the relevant standardisation bodies.

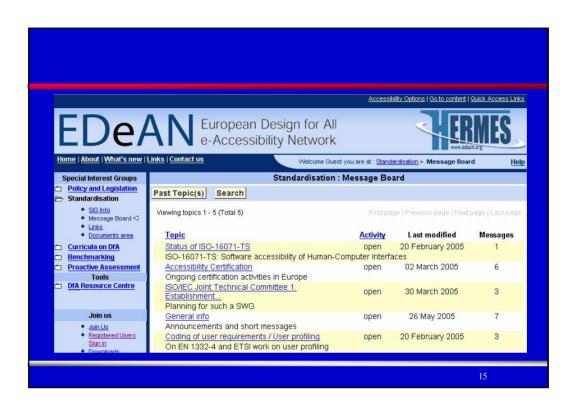
USEM project proposal (under negotiation)

- ø USEM stands for USer EMpowerment in Standardisation
- Ø It is focussing on the training of people within user organisation so that they can interact with the standardisation bodies and play an important role (as a user) within the discussions

13

EDeAN Standardisation SIG

- eEurope programme for stimulation of IST use
 - Ø Action line: Creation of a network of major expert centres in Design for All à EDeAN
 - Ø Action line: Publication of Design for All standards for accessibility of information technology products, in particular to improve the employability and social inclusion of people with special needs à 2002 report on Standardisation
- European Design for All network (EDeAN)
 - © Electronic information exchange set up by the D4ALLnet project (IST-2001-38833, Design for All Network of Excellence) with the creation of the HERMES collaborative web-based platform, developed by FORTH-ICS as an accessible web based platform to enable virtual networking and cooperation as well as information and knowledge exchange between EDeAN network members
 - ø Activity as discussions in Special Interest Groups (SIGs).
 - ø SIG on Standardisation
 - ø Almost 200 members (from Europe, the USA, Australia and Hong Kong).
 - ø SIG Messages are now available for public reading
 - ø Virtual workshop planned in November 2005



Conclusions

- Focus on the very important changes that take place in the standardisation field
 - ø the informal work
 - ø more open discussions)
- Impact of the changes for improving the situation in the field of Design for All and Assistive Technology
- More activity needed in the EDeAN discussion forum on standardisation!